

English on the air

الانجليزية على الهواء

15

Comprehension

فهم

Today's Reading:

- **Psalm 65: 7-13: Earth-Tamer, Ocean-Pourer, Mountain-Maker, Hill-Dresser, Muzzler of sea storm and wave crash, of mobs in noisy riot— Far and wide they'll come to a stop, they'll stare in awe, in wonder. Dawn and dusk take turns calling, "Come and worship." Oh, visit the earth, ask her to join the dance! Deck her out in spring showers, fill the God-River with living water. Paint the wheat fields golden. Creation was made for this! Drench the plowed fields, soak the dirt clods with rainfall as harrow and rake bring her to blossom and fruit. Snow-crown the peaks with splendor, scatter rose petals down your paths, all through the wild meadows, rose petals. Set the hills to dancing, dress the canyon walls with live sheep, a drape of flax across the valleys. Let them shout, and shout, and shout! Oh, oh, let them sing!**

قراءة اليوم:

- **مزمور 65: 7-13:** المهديء اضطراب البحار، عجيج الأمواج، وضجيج الأمم. يخاف الساكنون في الأماكن البعيدة من آياتك العجيبة. فإنك تجعل مطالع الصبح ومغرب المساء تترنم. تعهدت الأرض وجعلتها تفيض غيثا، فأخصبتها. مجرى نهر الله دافق بالماء فتفيض الأرض بالمحاصيل. تروي أتلامها (خطوط المحراث) وتسوي روابيها، فتلينها وتبارك غلتها. كللت السنة بجودك، وآثار صنائعك تفيض خصبا. تموج مراعي البرية بالخير، وتكتسي التلال بالبهجة. تتغذى المروج بالقطعان، وتتوشح الوديان بالحنطة، فيهتف لك الكل فرحا وتسبيحا.

Vocabulary

مفردات ومعاني

Nature / الطبيعة

Air	هواء	Field	حقل
Beach	شاطئ	Flower	زهرة
Branch	غصن	Forest	غابة
Brook	جدول / غدير	Grass	عشب
Bush	شجيرة / أجمة	Gravel	حصى
Cloud	سحابة / غيمة	Ground	أرض
Country	ريف	Hill	تلة
Desert	صحراء	Island	جزيرة
Dirt	وحل (قذارة)	Lake	بحيرة
Dust	غبار	Land	أرض
Earth	أرض	Leaf	ورقة

Nature / الطبيعة

Log	قطعة خشب/حطب	Sea	بحر
Meadow	مرج	Shade	ظلّ
Moon	قمر	Shadow	ظلّ
Mountain	جبل	Shore	شاطئ/ساحل
Nest	عشّ	Sky	سماء
Ocean	محيط	Soil	تربة
River	نهر	Star	نجمة
Rock	صخرة	Stone	حجر
Roots	جذور	Stream	تيار، جدول
Sand	رمل	Sun	شمس
Seed	بذرة	Tree	شجرة

Grammar

القواعد

Basic Coordinating Conjunctions

- *A coordinating conjunction is a word which joins together two clauses which are both equally important.*
- A clause is a unit which contains a subject and a verb. For example, “*It was raining*”.
- Every sentence **MUST** contain at least one clause, but it may contain more than one. For example: *It was raining, so I took my umbrella.*

Basic Coordinating Conjunctions

Conjunction	Function	Example
and	joins two similar ideas together	He lives in Egypt, and he studies at MEU.
but	joins two contrasting ideas	Amgad is Egyptian, but Sally is English.
or	joins two alternative ideas	I could cook some supper, or we could order a pizza.
so	shows that the second idea is the result of the first	She was sick, so she went to the doctor.

Using Coordinating Conjunctions

- There are three things to remember when using coordinating conjunctions:
 - Coordinating conjunctions **join independent clauses**. Each clause must be a “complete thought” which could be a sentence on its own.
 - With coordinating conjunctions, **put the conjunction in the middle**. You may see some sentences starting with “but” or “and”, but this is *usually* wrong, so it's best to avoid it.
 - With coordinating conjunctions, **use a comma** unless both clauses are very short.

Idioms:

Idiom	Meaning
Reach for the <u>moon</u>	If you reach for the moon , you are very ambitious and try to achieve something even if it's difficult. "Jenny is talented and ambitious; she always tends to reach for the moon."
<u>Come rain or shine</u>	If a person does something come rain or shine , they do it regularly, whatever the circumstances. "He goes to the gym club every day, come rain or shine."
Once in a <u>blue moon</u>	If something happens once in a blue moon , it occurs very rarely. "Bill has very little contact with his brother. They see each other once in a blue moon."